



Tier 1 Estimate Calculation

Tier 1 Compensation (MIC)

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❑ Realistic Tier 1 MW estimation

- Unit's Tier 1 MW estimation relies on Participant's data
 - ❖ Synchronized Reserve Ramp Rate
 - ❖ Synchronized Reserve Maximum (SpinMax)

- Tier 1 MW estimated will be approximately equal to unit's capability if unit is closely following PJM dispatch signal

- The measures currently in place provide PJM with an accurate estimate of Tier 1 capability

- ❑ Synchronized Reserve Ramp Rate (MW/Minute)
 - Participant submits data via eMKT to reflect capability of the unit
 - Used mainly for Tier 1 MW estimate on a unit
 - ❖ Separate from default or economic ramp rate
 - Can be submitted for multiple segments of unit's MW range
 - If no data submitted, energy ramp rate will be used

❑ Unit's Tier 1 MW estimate is capped at

$$10 \text{ minutes} * NVL \left(\begin{array}{l} \textit{Synchronized Reserve Ramp Rate,} \\ \textit{Economic Ramp Rate,} \\ \textit{Default Ramp rate} \end{array} \right)$$

□ Synchronized Reserve Maximum (MW)

- Participant submits data in eMKT to represent the maximum MW output a unit can achieve in response to a Synchronized Reserve event
- Value is used for unit's Tier1 estimation ONLY
- It is the reference MW point relative to which Tier 1 MW is estimated, else the Economic Maximum value is used
- The value cannot be less than Economic Maximum of the unit
 - ❖ Exception exists for units with physical limitation

- ❑ Exception that allows Synchronized Reserve Maximum value to be less than Economic Maximum of a unit
 - There exists a communication process for consideration of a unit's physical limitation like 'Duct Burner range'
 - With the exception flag and correct data submitted, a unit will not be considered for Tier 1 or Tier 2 when operating in the duct burner range
 - Exception process is described in <http://www.pjm.com/markets-and-operations/ancillary-services.aspx> (see section 4.2.1 of Manual 11)

- ❑ Degree of Generation Performance (DGP) score is used to adjust a unit's ramp rate for the purpose of Tier 1 MW estimation
 - It is the responsiveness of a unit to PJM dispatch instruction in terms of its actual MW output
 - Assumed to reflect the realistic capability of the unit

❑ Tier 1 MW Estimate =

$$\text{Higher of } \left\{ 0, \text{ Lesser of } \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{NVL}(\text{SpinMax}, \text{EcoMax}) - \text{Dispatch MW} \\ \text{or} \\ \text{NVL}(\text{Spin Ramp Rate}, \text{Economic Ramp Rate}) * \text{DGP} * 10 \text{ minutes} \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

- ❑ Tier 1 Deselect is a feature that is unit specific, and setting is internal to PJM
 - It is used to set Tier 1 MW estimate to zero during market clearing process for any unit or unit type identified as a non reliable synchronized reserve resource
 - Resource type Battery, Hydro, Nuclear, Solar, Wind and some combined cycle units are Tier 1 deselected
 - Exception process exists to take a unit out of the Tier 1 Deselect list
<http://www.pjm.com/markets-and-operations/ancillary-services.aspx> (see section 4.2.1 of Manual 11)