

PJM Planning Criteria

Discussion of comparisons for external generation resources

Aaron Berner Manager, Interconnection Analysis URMSTF

August 17, 2016



- Capacity Resource
 - Permits participation in RPM
 - Requires reinforcement of all contingencies with exception of NERC TPL-001-4 P3 and P6 (single and multiple facility contingency required, N-1-1 excluded)
 - Similar to NRIS construct in other regions though still different
- Energy Resource
 - Permits participation in energy market
 - Requires reinforcement of NERC TPL-001-4 P3, P4, P5, P7 (multiple facility contingencies only)



- Some entities allow interconnection under what is termed "minimum interconnection standards"
 - Essentially connection facilities and local protection (little contingency analysis – may vary between entities)
 - Allows resource to operate until congestion is encountered
- PJM limits injections based on criteria for testing of resource type and does not allow continued operation until reinforcements built
 - Remedial Action Schemes allowed for short term duration assuming transmission system reinforcements planning and/or construction underway



	РЈМ
Study Horizon	Uses 5 year case
ERIS Analysis	Summer Peak, Light Load, and Winter ¹
NRIS Analysis	Summer Peak, Light Load, and Winter ¹

- Light Load and Winter testing not required under same conditions for any known criteria
- Study horizons differ and in some cases are chosen when the study starts

Note 1: Winter testing will commence with New Service Queue requests which use the 2021 RTEP case for study



	PJM
Case year	Typically a 5 year case
Base line reliability Upgrades	Model upgrades which have been approved as needed in all years leading up to and including the year on which the study is to be performed
Using upgrades not contained in the base case (potential future base line upgrades)	Test upgrades for future base case years. If upgrades can fix a violation and the upgrade is chosen as the appropriate reinforcement the customer must pay for advancement costs associated with the upgrade

- PJM has not identified any neighboring entities which study generation, merchant transmission, and transmission service on same case
- Some areas allow customers to take partial interim service and wait for baseline upgrades to come into service (baselines in future years)



	PJM
Deactivations	 Generators turned off to prevent backing off loading based on the date the deactivation request is received Generators removed as required based on deactivation date & transfer of rights and then any upgrades are modeled
Previously queued requests	 All previously queued requests still active (under study) are modeled off line. This results in the projects aggravating a constraint, but not having the ability to back off a constraint. Capacity (firm) portion of all projects with signed ISAs is modeled on-line. This allows projects to both aggravate and back off constraints Projects under suspension (in the construction phase) are turned off so they do not back off constraints

- PJM has not identified any neighboring entities which study generation, merchant transmission, and transmission service on same case
- Some areas allow customers to take partial interim service and wait for baseline upgrades to come into service (baselines in future years)



Summer Peak Reinforcement – Capacity (Firm) / Network Resource Requests

	Load	Category A (System intact)	Category B NERC Category B (loss of 1 element):	Category C NERC category C1, 2, 4, 5: (loss of 2+ elements)	TO Criteria Transmission Owner Criteria (FERC 715)
PJM Capacity Resource / Firm merchant transmission		1. <500kV: 5% DF or 5% impact on facility rating	1. <500kV: 5% DF or 5% impact on facility rating	 <500kV: 10% <p>DF or 5% impact on facility rating </p> >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating 	As Required
100% of requested Capacity Interconnection Rights	Summer peak	2. >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating	2. >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating		
Long Term Firm Transmission Service (Into PJM)	Summer Peak	3% DF	As Required		
Long Term Firm Transmission Service (Out of PJM)	Summer Peak	 PJM facilities: Other facilities 	As Required		

Note: (For PJM) Project which is first to cause the need for a reinforcement will always have cost allocation regardless of the MW contribution

• PJM unaware of any neighbor which uses this mix of thresholds



Summer Peak Reinforcement – Energy (Non-Firm) / Energy Resource Requests

	Load	Category A (System intact) Category B NERC Category B (loss of 1 element): Category C NERC category C1, 2, 4, 5: (loss of 2+ elements)		TO Criteria Transmission Owner Criteria (FERC 715)	
PJM Energy Resource / Non-Firm merchant transmission	Summer peak	N/A	N/A	1. <500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating	As Required
All fuel types at 100% of Summer Energy Output				 >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating 	

Note: Project which is first to cause the need for a reinforcement will always have cost allocation regardless of the MW contribution

• PJM unaware of any neighbor which uses this mix of thresholds



Light Load (PJM) / Shoulder Peak (MISO) Reinforcement

	Resource modeling	Load	Category A (System intact)	Category B NERC Category B (loss of 1 element):	Category C NERC category C1, 2, 4, 5: (loss of 2+ elements)	TO Criteria Transmission Owner Criteria (FERC 715)
PJM Load at 50%	Wind 40% ramp to 80% energy	& Gas off 00MW) at 45% initial 00MW) at 60% initial 50% of summer peak 50% of summer 50% impact on formation for summer 50% impact on for summer 50% impact on for summer				
of summer peak	Oil & Gas off		2. >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating	 <500kV: 5% DF or 5% impact on facility rating >500kV: 10% DF or 5% impact on facility rating 	DF or 5% impact on facility rating	As Required
реак	Coal (<500MW) at 45% initial					
	Coal (≥ 500MW) at 60% initial					
	Nuclear at 100%					
	Pumped Storage – Full Pump					
Note: Project	t which is first to cause the	need for a r	einforcement will always hav	e cost allocation regardles	s of the MW contribut	ion

• PJM unaware of any neighbor which uses this mix of thresholds



- Individual side by side comparisons will require additional coordination and time to develop
- Current comparison shows that planning criteria, when comparing individual external planning authorities, diverge at some basic level